Hitherfield Primary School Progression Framework for: Religious Education

RE Curriculum Map

Year	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Reception	Ourselves and others- similarities and differences Routines - right & wrong	Festivals Diwali Eid Christmas My family	Festivals Chinese New Year, Easter Symbols and Rituals		Festivals, special people, comm	unity, the world and living things
Year 1	Who am I? / Belonging	Christianity Unit 1 Jesus' birth and Christmas	Judaism Unit 1 Shabbat- A day of rest	Christianity Unit 2 Jesus the teacher	Islam Unit 1 Prophet Muhammad(pbuh)	Islam Unit 2 Five Pillars of Islam
Year 2	Hinduism Unit 1 Diwali Making clay Diva lamps CC with Art Hinduism Visit	Celebrations	Judaism Unit 2 Festivals in Jewish Life	Christianity Unit 3 Easter and Symbols	Hinduism Unit 2 Worship	Christianity Unit 4 A local church Christianity Visit
Year 3	Where did the World Begin?	Buddhism Unit 1 The Buddha	Christianity Unit 5 The Bible	Sikhism Unit 1 Guru Nanak and his teachings	Sikhism Unit 2 Sikh teaching and life	Judaism Unit 3 Abraham Judaism Visit
Year 4	Buddhism Unit 2 Living as a Buddhist	Islam Unit 3 Ramadan and Eid ul Fitr	Islam Unit 4 Hajj- the journey of a lifetime	Christianity Unit 6 Local Christian places of worship Christianity Visit	Sikhism Unit 3 The Gurdwara and the Guru Granth Sahib- final and everlasting Guru Sikhism Visit	Sikhism Unit 4 Belonging to the Sikh community
Year 5	Peace (Covers Christianity, Hinduism, Islam, Buddishm and humanism) Buddhism Visit	Christianity Unit 8 Christian Festivals	Hinduism Unit 4 God and beliefs	Christianity Unit 7 Who was Jesus? Human and Divine	Weddings (All religions covered)	Hinduism Unit 3 Hindu life
Year 6	Buddhism Unit 3 & 4 The Buddhist Community Worldwide Following the Buddha's Teaching	Christianity Unit 9 Leading a Christian life	Judaism Unit 4 Prayer and Worship of God	The End of Life's journey Islam Visit	Exploring other faiths reflecting community Rastafarianism - history, beliefs , significant figures.	Understanding Faith and Belief in Lambeth Faith Trail

Progression of skills in Religious Education

	EYFS:	Key Stage 1:	Key Stage 2:			
	Self and others Festivals Symbolism and Rituals	Attainment Target 1: Learning about religion	Attainment Target 1: Learning about religion			
	Living Things Right and Wrong, Fairness	Explore a range of religious stories and sacred writings and talk about their meanings	Describe the key aspects of religions, especially the people, stories and traditions that influence the beliefs and values of others			
	and Justice Cover within	Name and explore a range of celebrations, worship and rituals in	Describe the variety of practices and ways of life in religions and understand how these stem from, and are closely connected with, beliefs and teachings			
		religion, noting similarities where appropriate	Identify and begin to describe the similarities and differences within and between religions			
		Identify the importance, for some people, of belonging to a religion and recognise	Investigate the significance of religion in the local, national and global communities			
Statutory	ramework	the difference this makes to their lives; • Explore how religious beliefs and	Consider the meaning of a range of forms of religious expression, understand why they are important in religion and note links between them			
Framework Objectives		ideas can be expressed through the arts and communicate their responses	Describe and begin to understand religious and other responses to ultimate and ethical questions			
		Identify and suggest meanings for religious symbols and begin to use a	Use specialist vocabulary in communicating their knowledge and understanding			
		range of religious words	Use and interpret information about religions from a range of sources			
		Attainment Target 2: Learning from religion	Attainment Target 2: Learning from religion			
		Reflect on and consider religious and spiritual feelings, experiences and concepts such as worship,	Reflect on what it means to belong to a faith community, communicating their own and others' responses;			
		wonder, praise, thanks, concern, joy and sadness	• Respond to the challenges of commitment both in their own lives and within religious traditions, recognising how commitment to a religion is shown in a variety of ways;			
		Ask and respond imaginatively to puzzling questions, communicating their ideas;	Discuss their own and others' views of religious truth and belief, expressing their own ideas;			
		• Identify what matters to them and others,	Reflect on ideas of right and wrong and their own and others' responses to them;			

		commitments, and responses; Reflect on how spirit values relate to the Recognise that religand ideas make a individuals, families the local communit	eir own behaviour; gious teachings difference to s and	• Reflect on sources of i	nspiration in their own ar	nd others' lives.	
Year	EYFS:	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Christianity	Festival and celebrations	Term 2	Term 4	Term 3	Term 4	Term 2	Term 2
	Christmas Easter	Christianity Unit 1 Birth of Jesus Christ and Christmas. Learn about what Christians remember at Christmas. Know about different christian celebrations Identify what Christians believe about Jesus. Understand why the Bible is important to Christians. Key Questions: What do Christians remember at Christmas? What do Christians believe about Jesus? Why is the Bible important to Christians? Term 4 Christianity Unit 2 Jesus the teacher	Christianity Unit 3 Easter and Symbols Know The story of Jesus' death and resurrection emphasises the idea that Jesus is special for Christians Talk about Jesus washing feet and sharing food with his friends – some of whom let him down. Identify Easter symbols: Cross,egg, palm crosses, Easter gardens, colours of vestments and Candles Learn about symbolic actions: -Washing feet on Maundy Thursday Christians share food together to recall -Jesus' last meal with his friends. Understand what the symbols of Easter	Christianity Unit 5 The Bible Understand the importance of The Bible as the holy book that guides the Christian Faith. Know the difference between the Old and the New Testament. Understand how The Ten Commandments guide Christians in their daily lives. Recognise the importance of parables and how they are used to guide Christians. Key Questions: How do Christians use the Bible? What is the relationship between the life of Jesus and the Old and New Testaments?	Christianity Unit 6 Local Christian places of worship Understand the ways that Christians come together to practise their faith and how coming together helps them to do this. Identify the similarities in what Christians believe. Learn about the different places that Christians worship. Understand the importance of prayer and the Bible to those who practise Christianity. Visit to a local Christian church Key Questions: Why are there different places of worship for Christians?	Christianity Unit 8 Christians Festivals Learn about times associated with Jesus' life in a Christian Calendar and how Christians understand and celebrate these events – Christmas and Easter Understand times of reflection- Advent and Lent Learn about how festivals help Christians remember Jesus and His teachings. Identify what happens in places of worship to help Christians understand the meanings behind festivals Key Questions: How do festivals help Christians to remember Jesus and His teachings?	Christianity Unit 9 Leading a Christian Life Understand how Christians follow the teachings of Jesus. Learn about the challenges of living a Christian life in the modern world. Identify how christian teachings guide the actions of people in their everyday lives and the work of organisations such as charities. Recognise commitment, belonging and belief in the special presence of God during significant life events, e.g. weddings. Key Questions: How do Christians follow Jesus and His teachings in their daily lives?

including those with religious

Understand that Jesus' teaching and life give Christians the perfect example

Read the story about Jesus which develop Christian values: - Zacchaeus.

Know stories told by Jesus about forgiveness and love:

- The Lost Son:
- The Good Samaritan.

Know the two greatest Commandments taught by Jesus 'Love God' and 'Love your neighbour';

Understand that The Bible is a special book which Christians read it to learn about Jesus.

Key Questions:

What values do Christians believe Jesus taught?

How do Christians believe Jesus taught them these values? represent and how do symbols and symbolic actions show the importance of Easter for Christians.

Key Questions:What do symbols of Easter represent?

How do symbols and symbolic actions show the importance of Easter for Christians?

Term 6
Christianity
Unit 4
A local church.

Understand why Sunday is a special day for Christians and what's happens in a Christian place of worship

Learn about objects and symbols in buildings

Understand important ceremonies e.g. welcoming / dedication / infant baptisms, weddings;

Know that Christians try to follow the example of Jesus by caring for others, e.g. the elderly and those less fortunate, e.g. at Harvest, through charities and food banks.

Key questions:

What happens in a Christian place of worship?

How does a place of worship help Christians to remember their beliefs about Jesus?

How do Christians try to follow Jesus' example?

What does the Bible contain?

How does using the Bible help Christians to grow in their faith? What similarities are there in what Christians believe?

How does coming together help Christians to grow in their faith? What happens in places of worship to help Christians understand the meaning behind their festivals?

Term 4
Christianity
Unit 7
Who was Jesus?
Human and Divine

Understand how Christians mark the key events of the life of Jesus

Know the meaning behind the key festivals of Christmas and Easter.

Know the importance of reflection at Advent and Lent and the practices that are often associated with these periods in the Christian calendar.

Understand the idea of redemption and its significance to Christians.

Identify what meaning the life and death of Jesus does for Christians and how it helps them have a relationship with God.

Key Questions:Who do Christians
believe Jesus to be?

What evidence do Christians base their beliefs upon?

What meaning does the life and death of Jesus have for Christians?

What Christian values guide the actions of the people and organisations studied?

What are the challenges of living a Christian life today?

Judaism	Festivals: Hanukkah	Term 3 Judaism Unit 1 Shabbat- A day of rest Understand why Shabbat is important to Jews Know the reason why Jews attend Synagogue for prayer with the community on Shabbat. Identify traditions and customs during Shabbat Know the importance of keeping the traditions alive Key Questions: Why is Shabbat important to Jews?	Term 3 Judaism Unit 2 Festivals in Jewish Life Identify different festivals in Jewish life Succot (Sukkoth) Passover (Pesach) Hanukkah Purim Understand what these festivals show about the 'Jews' relationship with God Key Questions: How does what happens at each festival help to	Term 6 Judaism Unit 3 Abraham Understanding the importance of Abraham to people of the Jewish faith. Investigate the laws, rules and stories that are within the sacred text of Judaism. Know how Jewish sacred book, the Torah, is respected and how it helps Jewish people to understand what being Jewish means Key Questions:			Term 3 Judaism Unit 4 Prayer and Worship of God Understand the process of the preparations that need to be made in order to say the Shema. Know the equal importance of the synagogue and the home in Jewish life. Recognise how the role of those following Judaism changes after their Bat or Bar Mitzvah celebration. Key Questions:
		Why do Jews visit the synagogue on Shabbat? Why is it important to keep traditions /customs alive?	teach young Jews about their past? What do these festivals show about the Jews' relationship with God?	Why is Abraham important to Jews? How does the Torah help Jewish people to understand what being Jewish means?			How does the Shema tell Jews to keep their religion alive? How does the role of a Jew change after their Bar / Bat Mitzvah? Why are the home and synagogue equally important in Jewish life?
Islam	Festivals: Eid	Term 5 Islam Unit 1 The Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) Understand the profession of faith and what Muslims believe in Know what the Qur'an is.	Term 2 All religions covered in 'Celebrations' - see below		Term 2 Islam Unit 3 Ramadan and Eid ul Fitr Learn about the importance of the month Ramadan Understand why Muslims fast during Ramadan and how fasting helps Muslims to grow closer to Allah and to each other.	Term 5 All religions covered in 'Weddings' - see below Term 1 Peace (Covers Christianity, Hinduism, Islam, Buddishm and humanism)	

Learn why Prophet Muhammad is important to Muslims

Know stories from the life of Prophet Muhammad (pbuh)

Learn about place of Worship- The Mosque-

Key Questions:

What is the profession of faith? What do Muslims believe? Why is Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) important to Muslims? What is the Qur'an?

Term 6
Islam
Unit2
Five Pillars of Islam

Understand what the five pillars of Islam are

Understand what does worship mean to Muslims

Identify how Muslims show respect for Allah in everyday life

Understands the importance of good values for Muslims e.g. honesty, truthfulness and dressing modestly

Key Questions:

What are the five pillars of Islam? What does worship mean to Muslims? How do Muslims show their respect for Allah in everyday life? Identify what lessons can be learned from Ramadan by everyone

Learn how Eid is celebrated by Muslims around the world.

Key Questions:

Why do Muslims fast during Ramadan?

How does fasting help Muslims to grow closer to Allah and to each other?

What lessons can be learned from Ramadan by everyone?

How do Muslims celebrate Eid?

Term 3 Islam Unit 4 Hajj- the journey of a lifetime

Understand why muslims go on Hajj and why that pilgrimage so important

Know what 'The Ka'aba' is, talk about the requirements of the Hajj and the stories associated with the places of the Hajj.

Recognise that the festival of Eid ul Adha that celebrates the gathering of the pilgrims on Mount Arafat is time for muslims to celebrate.

Key Questions:

What is a pilgrimage? Why do Muslims go on Hajj? Which stories are

			associated with the places on Hajj? How does the Hajj make Muslims feel they are all part of one family?		
Hinduism	Festivals: Diwali	Term1 Diwali Hinduism Unit 1 Diwali Understand the faith of Hinduism and what understanding Hindus have about God Know that Hindus believe in one God Represented through different names and forms e.g. Rama Ganesh, Hanuman, Lakshmi; Read Stories on the theme of good and evil connected to Rama and Sita recalled at Diwali; Making clay Diva Lamps. Recognise the role of a Hindu temple in a Hindu's life Key Questions: What understanding do Hindus have about God? What do stories at Diwali explain about God? What is the role of a Hindu temple in a Hindu's life? Term 5	ramily?	Term 3 Hinduism Unit 4 God and beliefs Understands the beliefs that Hindus have in relation to God and the many forms this takes (Krishna, Rama,Shiva, Ganesh) Know the importance of the stories of Krishna to people who follow the Hindu faith. Identify key events marking the lives of people who follow the Hindu faith. Understand what it means to be Hindu Key Questions: How do Rama and Krishna help Hindus to understand God? What stories do you know that help Hindus to learn about right and wrong or evil or good? What does it mean to be a Hindu: Term6 Hinduism	
		Hinduism Unit 2 Worship Learn the importance of families in Hinduism		Unit 3 Hindu Life Understand the importance of the natural world to those	

		Understand the importance of honesty, loyalty and truthfulness in Hinduism. Know how Hindus pray both at home and at the temple. Understand the value of the relationship between brother and sister and the Festival of Raksha Bandhan; Understand what is The Hindu Mandir Key Questions: What is the importance of families in Hinduism? Why are honesty and truthfulness important in Hinduism? How do Hindus pray at home and in the Temple?			who follow the Hindu faith. Identify Hindu beliefs in relation to creation, attitudes to animals and the value of non-violence. Understand how does belief about creation lead to vegetarianism and ahimsa Learn that Hindu beliefs have spread throughout the world through travel and migration and the work of high profile peace campaigner Mahatma Gandhi. Key Questions: Why is the natural world important to a Hindu? How does belief about creation lead to vegetarianism and ahimsa?	
Sikhism			Term 4 Sikhism Unit1 Guru Nanak and his teachings. Learn about what Sikhs believe about God: Sikhs believe in one God – symbolised by the Ik Onkar symbol God created all things. Understand what does Guru mean Know about Guru Nanak and his teaching Understand what it	Term 5 Sikhism Unit 3 The Gurdwara and Guru Granth Sahib- final and everlasting Guru Understand the role of the Gurdwara in the life of those who follow the Sikh faith. Learn the behaviours expected within the Gurdwara and its place as the centre for the community. -Understanding the importance of the Sikh holy book - The Guru Granth Sahib - the final and everlasting Guru.		

means to be equal Understand that the through Guru Nanak Gurdwara as a center for teaching worship and a place that demonstrates Sikh **Key Questions:** values What do Sikhs believe **Key Questions:** about God? How is the Gurdwara a What does Guru mean?; centre for worship and a What does it mean to be place that demonstrates equal? Sikh values? Why is the Guru Granth Term 5 Sahib 'The Everlasting Sikhism Guru? Unit2 Sikh teaching and life Term 6 Sikhism **Understanding Sikh** Unit 4 teachings by exploring Belonging to the Sikh their customs and community traditions. Know the importance of Identifying the Guru Gobind Singh to important rules that those who follow the Sikh Sikhs follow in their daily Understand the Khalsa Learn the role of the tradition, the 5 Ks and Gurus in supporting Sikh names Sikhs to practice their Learn about the faith. celebration of Vaisakhi Identify places of Becoming part of the worship, special Khalsa Sikh community celebrations and the importance of equality. and the rituals and festivals that are observed by this **Key Questions:** How do the lives of community Sikhs show they follow rules in their lives? Understand the significance of the Amrit What does worship mean Ceremony to Sikhs? **Key Questions:** Why was Guru Gobind Singh important? What is the significance of the Amrit Ceremony?

Buddhism		

Term 2 Buddhism Unit 1 The Buddha

Know what the Buddha is

Understand the Buddha's teaching

Learn what The Four Noble Truths are.

Understand how did the Buddha teach that people should live

Read the story of Siddharta and the Swan

Key Questions:

What is a Buddha? How did the Buddha teach that people should live?

Term 1 Buddhism Unit 2 Living as a Buddhist

Living as a Buddhist and being part of a Buddhist community.

Understand the importance of a temple or a Buddhist centre.
The Buddhist Community
– The Sangha

Understand that the members try to follow the example of the Buddha and his teachings e.g:

- The Noble Eight Fold Path;
- The Five Moral precepts The Story of The King's Elephant -moral: keeping good company matters.

Know why Buddhists have images of the Buddha in their environment.

Identify places that have a special meaning to Buddhists;places of devotion and worship (puja)

Key Questions:

What is the importance of a temple or a Buddhist centre? Why do Buddhists have images of the Buddha? Term 1
The Buddhist
Community Worldwide
and following the
Buddha's Teaching
(Units 3 and 4)

Understand the importance of a temple or Buddhist centre and what Buddahs gain from visiting these places.

Know the noble eightfold path and how this influences the Buddha's choices.

Understand how Buddhists try to learn and practise the dharma and how this leads to awakening.

Understand how Buddhists communities use temples to meditate, and can work for the benefit of the community.

Understand how Buddhists have festivals about the life, enlightenment and teaching of Buddha.

Identify places of pilgrimage and stories associated with them and their significance.

Key Questions:

What is the importance of a temple or a Buddhist centre?

Why do Buddhists have images of the Buddha?

Which places have special meaning to Buddhists?

				What might Buddhists gain from visiting these places? How do Buddhists try to live a good life?
Rastafarianism				Term 5 Exploring other faiths reflecting our community Rastafarianism Learn about the origins of the Rastafari religion Identify significant leaders within this faith including Haile Selassie and Marcus Garvey. Understand significant practices and beliefs including the eating of a 'clean', organic meat free diet. Consider the significance of Bob Marley in spreading Rastafarianism to a wider global audience.
Who am I ? Belonging	Term 1 Who am I/ Belonging Understand what it means to belong and the importance of belonging to a group or groups. Understand the concept of belonging to a family and belonging to a family and belonging to a faith family. Know that there are a number of religions and beliefs in the world and people have different ways of showing that they belong to their			

	faith. Understand the concept			
	of belonging to a family and belonging to a faith family.			
	Know what is involved for a child in belonging to a religion.			
	Identify what is special about belonging			
Peace			Term 1 Peace	
			Consider the meaning of the word 'peace' in secular and spiritual contexts; explore what peace can mean to them in their lives	
			Investigate what peace means in an international context	
			Know how peace is reflected in the Christian faith as well as the Buddhist faith	
			Understand the beliefs of Humanists and Quakers	
			Understand that muslims associate peace with Allah	
			Understand how Peace campaigners such as Martin Luther King and Mahatma Gandhi change lives	
Weddings			Term 5 Weddings	
			Talk about special times we share with others	

			Understand what the wedding is and the ways that people with different faiths celebrate weddings. Learn about Christian wedding and it is traditions Understand the way that different communities come together to celebrate a wedding and the purpose of the symbols and practices used, specifically in relation to Jewish, Hindu and Humanist weddings.	
Where Did the World Begin?		Term 1 Where Did the World Begin? Know that the world contains many beautiful		
		natural things, all of which are unique		
		Know that Jews and Christians believe that God created the world and that people have a responsibility to care for God's creation		
		Understand that Christians often use Harvest as a way to share food with those less fortunate than themselves		
		Know why St Francis is a Christian example of caring for and protecting living things and consider ways they can think of and help others		
		Know that Muslims believe Allah is the Creator of all things and believe that people are		

			the custodians of the earth Recognise their roles and responsibilities in caring for the world.		
Celebrations		Term 2 Celebrations Learn about how are special occasions celebrated Understand what is it like to share a celebration Identify what is a Religious Festival? And learn about the Festival of Christmas Learn about the Festival of Hanukkah Learn about different ways festivals are celebrated around the world in other countries and in other religions (including the Maroon festival in Jamaica).			
The End of Life Journey					Term 4 End of Life's Journey Realise there are significant milestones on the journey of a life and consider what they would like to happen for themselves and the world in the future; appreciate the importance of hope to human beings. Consider human responses to loss and Bereavement and reflect on their own response to human experience of life and death.

Understanding Faith and Belief in Lambeth				Term 6 Identify the range of faiths observed in the
				beliefs believe happens after we die? How do they respond to bereavement? How do we remember people who have died? How a Hindu funeral is organised differs in India and in the UK
				What do Christians believe happens after we die? How does the Christian community respond to bereavement? What do other faiths and
				help their friends to become less sad. Key questions: How is life like a journey? How do we feel when people leave us?
				Understand how important it is to celebrate a life and how remembering them can
				Know some ways in which human experiences associated with death, loss, hope, and meaning in life are expressed
				Christianity Learn about death and bereavement in Hinduism
				Learn about ways in which human experiences associated with death, loss and bereavement are understood in

			class and school community and know where those believes come from
			Faiths and beliefs represented in the Lambeth community and how these have changed over time and possible reasons for those changes. Comparison with the rest of London.
			The interconnectivity of local faiths and community groups in London and compare those with the rest of the UK.
			Research and present interconnectivity of faiths in the UK. Small group work (2 Units)